



Use as a first aid treatment during a colic episode prior to professional diagnosis and treatment. 911 Emergency is a must to have on hand for those emergency situations.

The manufacturer guarantees that 911 Emergency is the fastest microbial support system in the marketplace for the immediate care of all classes of animals.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS: Per 10 mL

Vitamin B2 1 mg, Pantothenic Acid 10.5 mg, Vitamin B6 2.5 mg, Aspergillus oryzae 1.3×10^5 CFU, Bacillus subtilus 3.8×10^5 CFU, Saccharomyces cervisiae 3.4×10^6 CFU, Mixed Lactic acid bacertia 1.3×10^7 CFU

Suggested Administration: For most adult horses feed the entire contents of the convenient metered tube. Others, 10 mL per 100 lbs of body weight.

911 Emergency is designed for the immediate treatment of the symptoms of:

- Colic
- Scours
- Gut ache
- Stress
- Heat exhaustion
- Dehydration
- Exposure to moldy hay or forage
- For the prevention and treatment of diarrhea and conditions associated with digestive upset.

To become a dealer or for the dealer nearest you, contact ProfitPro at:

faye@hs35.net

www.HS35.net

Toll free: 1-888-875-2425

Local call: 507-373-2550

Use 911 Emergency then call your local veterinarian.

Available Sizes: 80 ml tube

911 Emergency Crisis Care paste is manufactured by McIntosh ProLine™, Ontario, Canada

**This 80 ml
COULD
SAVE YOUR
HORSE'S
LIFE!**



**A MUST-HAVE
for your tack box
or first aid kit,
at home or on the road!**

MCINTOSH Pro Line
911 Emergency

a **1,000+**
uses

**Use 911 Emergency Crisis Care
Paste as first aid during a colic
episode prior to professional
diagnosis and treatment.**



**Use 911 Emergency then
call your local veterinarian!**

Environmental Conditions

- When animals are housed in environments that support large numbers of animals
- When housed with other animals of various and uncertain backgrounds
- Improves availability of nutrients following surgery, illness, or environmental stressors
- Aids in digestion normalization following any type of disruption in normal function and activity.

Feeding

- During large hay bale feeding where there is the potential for the hay to contain mycotoxins, molds, or detrimental microorganisms
- In high grain diets to reduce digestive upsets and promote greater diet utilization
- Grain engorgement emergency aid prior to the veterinarian's arrival
- Unthrifty animals where low levels of digestive malfunction are suspected

During Transportation

- To normalize the G.I. tract following transportation
- First aid during trail rides where non specific gastrointestinal problems arise and no professional treatment is nearby
- At horse shows where stress may be a factor

For Intestinal Health



- When the reduction of the conditions necessary for the proliferation of undesirable microorganisms in the intestinal tract is desired or needed
- To reduce the conditions associated with digestive upset
- Restore the intestinal villi friendly environment following G.I. dysfunction
- To provide "nervous gut" support
- To maintain desirable intestinal tract microflora and proper nutrient utilization during changes in diet formulation
- When competition against pathogenic bacteria in the intestinal tract is necessary
- For animals thought to be exposed to abnormally high levels of gut pathogens
- To promote conditions favorable for antibiotic therapy for the prevention and treatment of diarrhea
- Before, during and after treatment for parasitic gastroenteritis

Young Animals



- In young animals with digestive reactions to environmental challenges
- In young animals unable to deal with normal levels of gut pathogens
- In pre-weaned and weaned newborns to increase diet utilization by improving digestive tract microflora and reducing diarrhea caused by diet change and antibiotic treatments
- To provide a digestive tract microflora and functionality that is suitable for faster starts and better utilization of dietary components during the weaning process
- In newborns to reduce diarrhea problems and to promote a more efficient intestinal microflora population
- During the transition period from nursing to weaning to reduce diarrhea and to promote quicker adaptation to dry diets